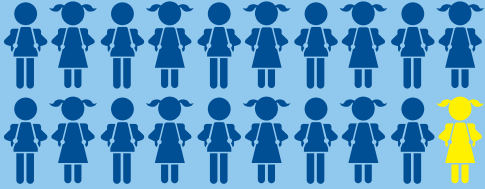


# Could Your Child Be Dizzy?



1 in 20 (nearly 3.3 million) U.S. children have a dizziness or balance problem.<sup>1</sup>

## OTHER INDICATORS OF DIZZINESS OR BALANCE ISSUES

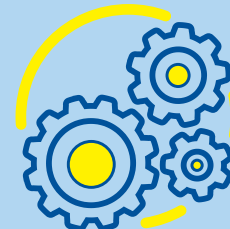
- Reading and/or math deficits,<sup>5</sup>
- Poor spatial and/or bodily awareness,<sup>6</sup>
- Poor attention,<sup>7</sup>
- Anxiety/depression,<sup>8/9</sup>
- Acute or chronic headache/migraine.<sup>10</sup>

## COMMON RISK FACTORS



### Sensorineural Hearing Loss<sup>2</sup>

Children with hearing loss are **twice as** likely to have dizziness or balance problems.<sup>1</sup>



### Delayed Gross Motor Milestones<sup>3</sup>

It can take children with **vestibular dysfunction 2 to 30 months** longer to meet gross motor milestones.



### Chronic Ear Infections<sup>4</sup>

According to research, **balance function** is typically **poorer in the presence of ear infections.**

## WHAT TO DO

Discuss a referral to an audiologist with your pediatrician.



Connect with an Audiologist Near You!

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[www.audiology.org](http://www.audiology.org)

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## ENDNOTES

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- <sup>4</sup> Casselbrant ML, Furman JM, Rubenstein E, Mandel EM. (1995) Effects of otitis media on the vestibular system in children. *Ann Otol Rhinol Laryngol* 104:620–624.
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- <sup>7</sup> Bigelow RT, Agrawal Y. (2015) Vestibular involvement in cognition: Visuospatial ability, attention, executive function, and memory. *J Vestib Res Equilib Orient* 25(2):73–89.
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- <sup>10</sup> Brodsky J, Cusick B, Zhou G. (2015) Evaluation and management of vestibular migraine in children: experience from a pediatric vestibular clinic. *Eur J Paed Neurol* 20.